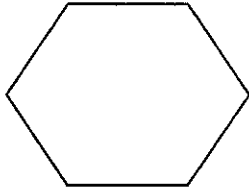


**Exterior Angle**

Sheet 1

Example:

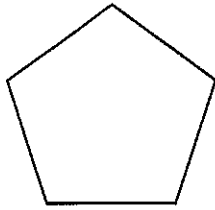


$$\text{Sum of Exterior angles} = 360^\circ$$

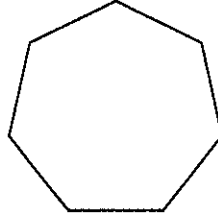
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Exterior angle} &= \frac{\text{Sum of the exterior angles}}{\text{Number of sides}} \\ &= \frac{360^\circ}{6} \\ &= 60^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Find the exterior angle for each regular polygon. Round the answer to nearest whole number.

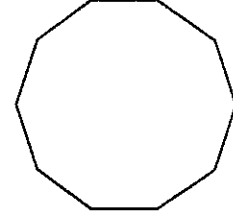
1)

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

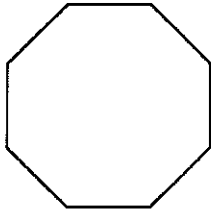
2)

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

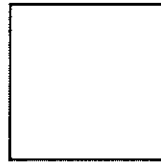
3)

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

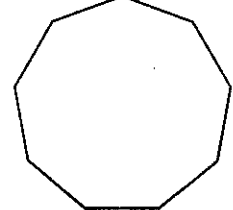
4)

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

5)

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

6)

Number of sides = Each exterior angles = 

7)

regular 12-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

8)

regular 15-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

9)

regular 11-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

10)

regular 19-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

11)

regular 17-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle = 

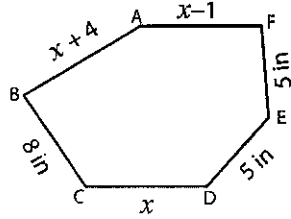
12)

regular 13-gon

Number of sides = Each exterior angle =

**Polygon - Finding Unknown Sides**

Example:



Perimeter = 42 in

Perimeter = Sum of length of the sides

$$42 \text{ in} = x - 1 + 5 + 5 + x + 8 + x + 4$$

$$42 \text{ in} = 3x + 21$$

$$3x = 42 - 21 = 21$$

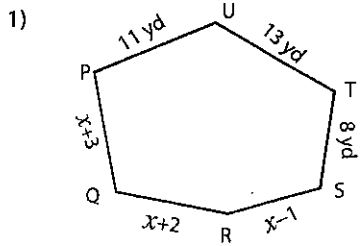
$$x = \frac{21}{3} = 7 \text{ in}$$

$$\overline{AB} = x + 4 = 7 + 4 = 11 \text{ in}$$

$$\overline{CD} = x = 7 \text{ in}$$

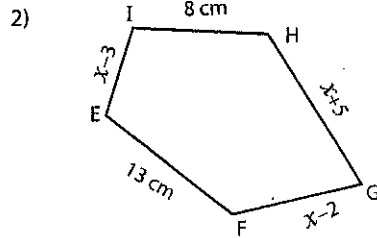
$$\overline{AF} = x - 1 = 7 - 1 = 6 \text{ in}$$

Find the value of  $x$  and length of the unknown sides.



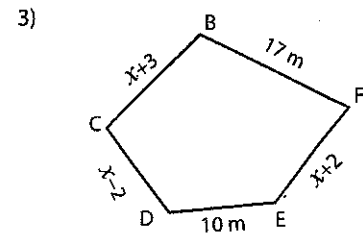
Perimeter = 63 yd ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{PQ} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{QR} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{RS} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



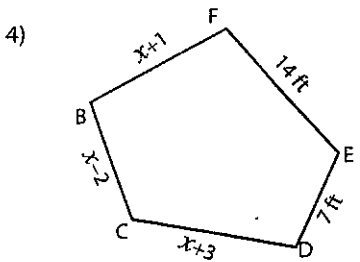
Perimeter = 48 cm ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{EI} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{FG} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{GH} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



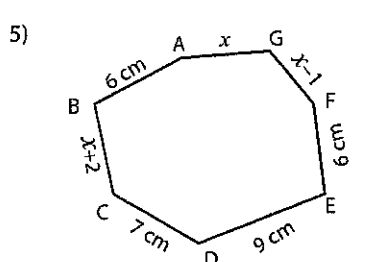
Perimeter = 66 m ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{CD} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{EF} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{BC} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



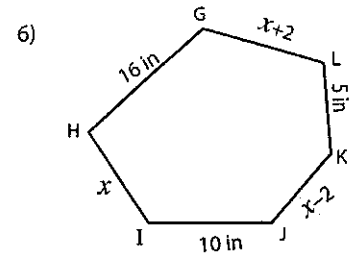
Perimeter = 53 ft ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{BC} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{CD} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{BF} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



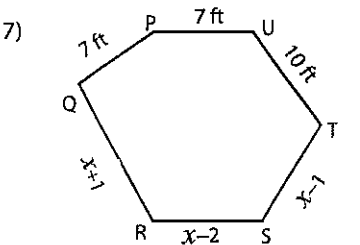
Perimeter = 44 cm ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{AG} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{BC} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{FG} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



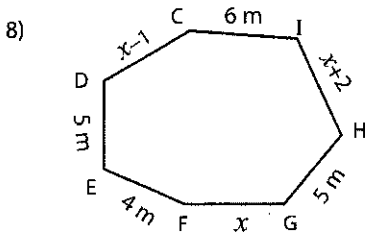
Perimeter = 55 in ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{HI} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{JK} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{GL} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



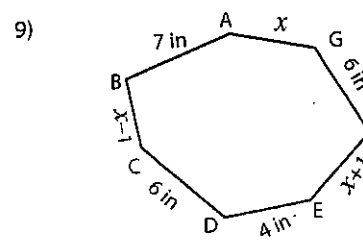
Perimeter = 61 ft ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{QR} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{RS} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{ST} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Perimeter = 39 m ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{CD} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{FG} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{HI} =$  \_\_\_\_\_



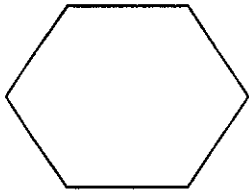
Perimeter = 35 in ;  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\overline{BC} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{EF} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\overline{AG} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

### Sum of Interior Angles

MS3

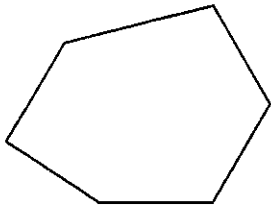
Example:



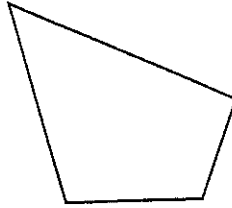
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum of the interior angles} &= (\text{Number of sides} - 2) \times 180^\circ \\ &= (6 - 2) \times 180^\circ \\ &= 4 \times 180^\circ = \mathbf{720^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

Find the sum of interior angles for each polygon.

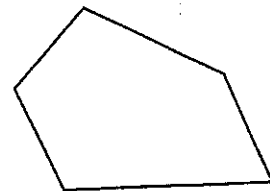
1)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

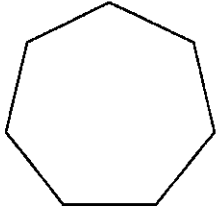
2)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

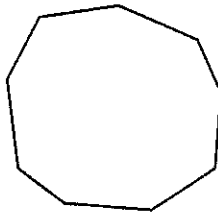
3)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

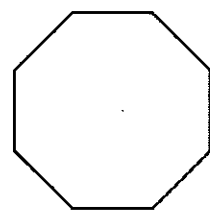
4)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

5)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

6)

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

7)

regular 11-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

8)

regular 16-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

9)

regular 19-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

10)

regular 18-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

11)

regular 14-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles = 

12)

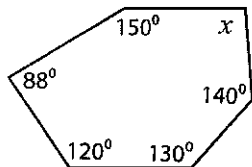
regular 12-gon

Number of sides = Sum of the interior angles =

**Interior Angle**

Sheet 2

Example:



Sum of the interior angles = ( Number of sides - 2 ) x 180°

= ( 6 - 2 ) x 180°

= 4 x 180 = **720°**

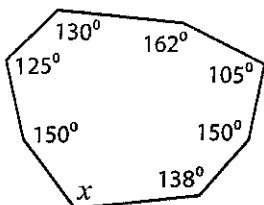
Sum of the interior angles = 120° + 140° + 130° + 150° + 88° + x

**720°** = 628° + x

x = **720° - 628° = 92°**

Find the interior angle for each irregular polygon.

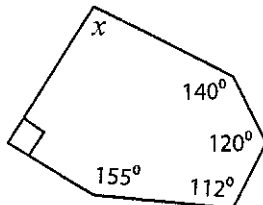
1)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

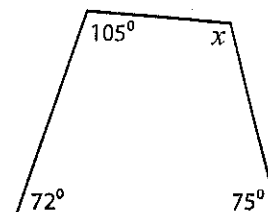
2)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

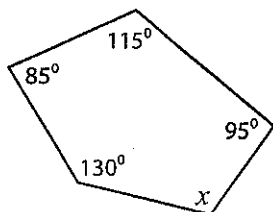
3)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

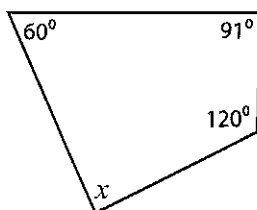
4)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

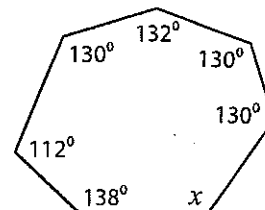
5)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

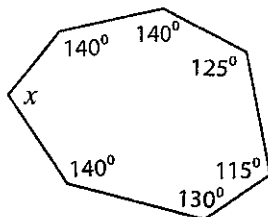
6)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

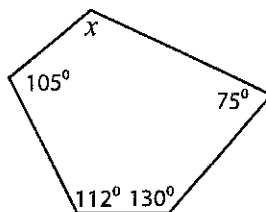
7)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

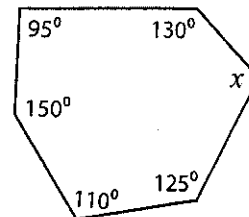
8)



Sum of the interior angles =

x =

9)

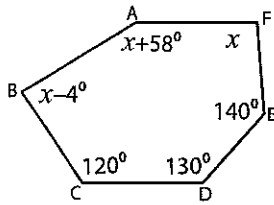


Sum of the interior angles =

x =

**Angles in Polygon**

Example:



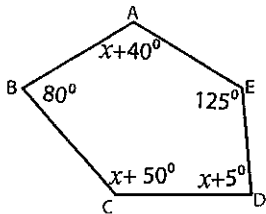
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum of the interior angles} &= (\text{Number of sides} - 2) \times 180^\circ \\ &= (6 - 2) \times 180^\circ \\ &= 4 \times 180 = \mathbf{720^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum of the interior angles} &= 120^\circ + 140^\circ + 130^\circ + x + 58^\circ + x - 4^\circ + x \\ \mathbf{720^\circ} &= 444^\circ + 3x \\ 3x &= \mathbf{720^\circ} - 444^\circ = 276^\circ \\ x &= \frac{276^\circ}{3} = \mathbf{92^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \angle A &= x + 58^\circ = \mathbf{92^\circ} + 58^\circ = \mathbf{150^\circ} \\ \angle B &= x - 4^\circ = \mathbf{92^\circ} - 4^\circ = \mathbf{88^\circ} \\ \angle F &= x = \mathbf{92^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

Find the missing angle for each irregular polygon.

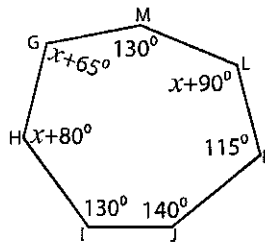
1)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle A =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle C =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle D =$  \_\_\_\_\_

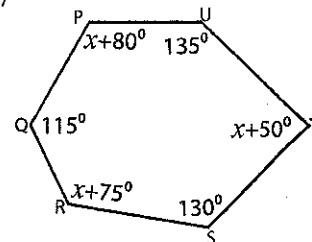
2)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle G =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle H =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle L =$  \_\_\_\_\_

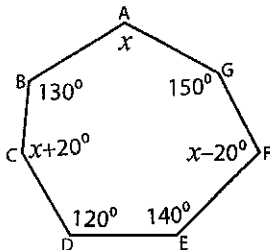
3)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle P =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle R =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle T =$  \_\_\_\_\_

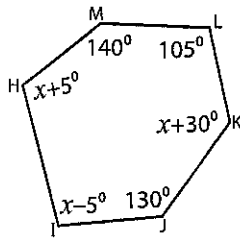
4)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle A =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle C =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle F =$  \_\_\_\_\_

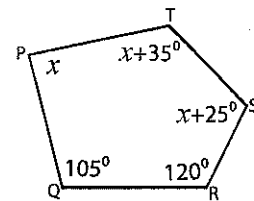
5)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle H =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle I =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle K =$  \_\_\_\_\_

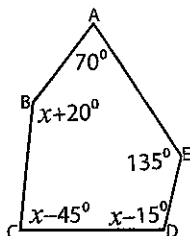
6)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle P =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle S =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle T =$  \_\_\_\_\_

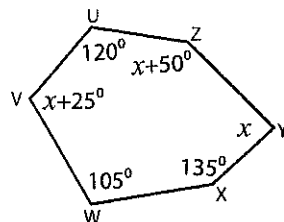
7)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle B =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle C =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle D =$  \_\_\_\_\_

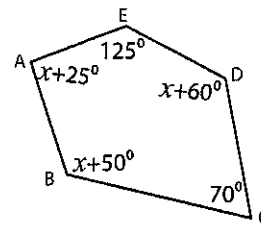
8)



Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle V =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle Y =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle Z =$  \_\_\_\_\_

9)

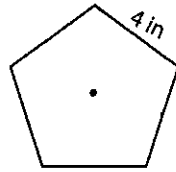


Sum of the interior angles = \_\_\_\_\_

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle A =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle B =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ;  $\angle D =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Polygon - Apothem**

Example:



Perimeter = number of sides  $\times$  side length

=  $5 \times 4 = 20$  in

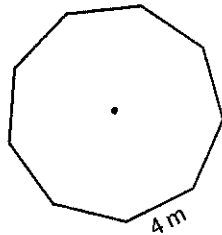
Area =  $27.5$  in<sup>2</sup>

Apothem =  $\frac{2 \times \text{area}}{\text{perimeter}}$

=  $\frac{2 \times 27.5}{20} = 2.75$  in

Find the perimeter and apothem of each polygon.

1)

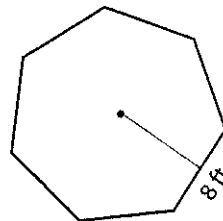


Area =  $98.82$  m<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

2)

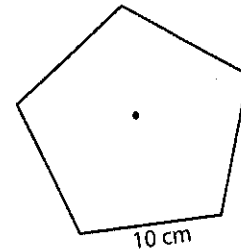


Area =  $232.68$  ft<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

3)

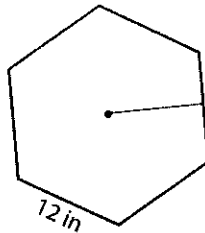


Area =  $172$  cm<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

4)

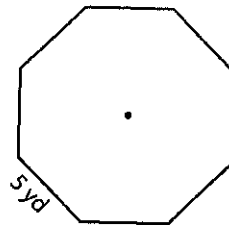


Area =  $374.04$  in<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

5)

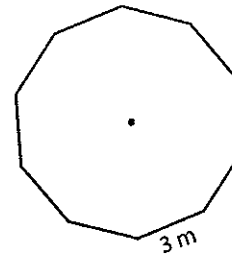


Area =  $120.8$  yd<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

6)

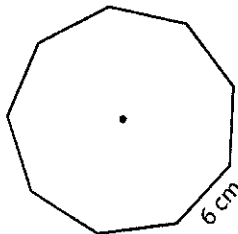


Area =  $69.3$  m<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

7)

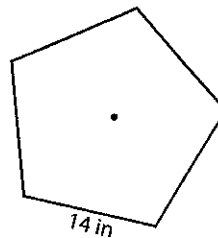


Area =  $222.48$  cm<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

8)

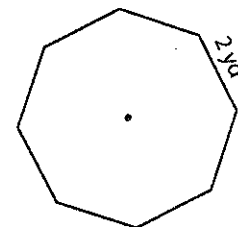


Area =  $337.05$  in<sup>2</sup>

Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

9)



Area =  $19.28$  yd<sup>2</sup>

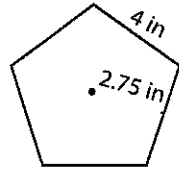
Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Apothem = \_\_\_\_\_

**Polygon - Area & Perimeter**

MS3

Example:

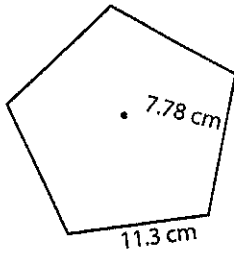


$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= \text{number of sides} \times \text{side length} \\ &= 5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{apothem} \times \text{perimeter} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 2.75 \times 20 = 27.5 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Find the perimeter and area of each polygon. Round the answer to two decimal places.

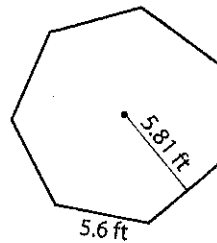
1)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

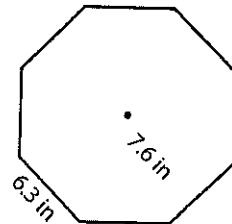
2)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

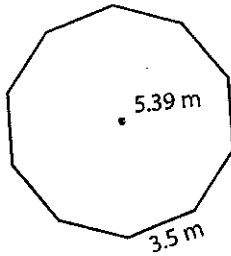
3)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

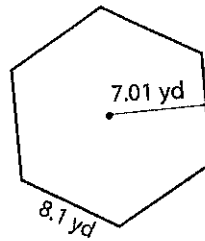
4)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

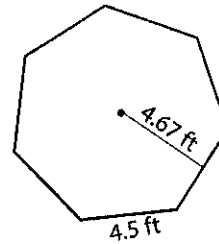
5)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

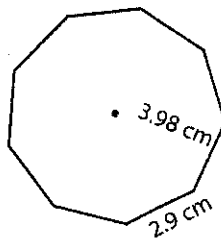
6)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

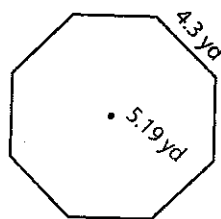
7)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

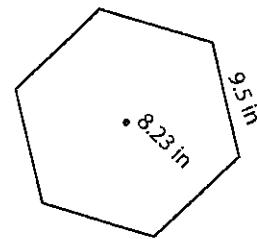
8)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

9)



Perimeter = \_\_\_\_\_

Area = \_\_\_\_\_